

The state-level burden of the trade war: interactions between the Market Facilitation Program and tariffs

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- 1 Overview
- 2 The N+1 Model
- 3 Results
- 4 New Project (COVID-19: China Regional Model)

US Agriculture: collateral damage from the trade war

- Lerner (1936) Symmetry: Import Tariff = Export Tax
- China's retaliation
- Ag states bear a disproportionate burden
- USDA Market Facilitation Program (MFP): cash payments to compensate farmers

- 2019 MFP payments:
county-specific cash payment per acre of planted eligible crops

Example:

- Story County, IA: \$64 per acre planted
- Soybean prices
 - 2017 avg: \$9.78/bu
 - 2019 avg: \$8.93/bu
 - Change: let's say -\$1/bu (or about -10%)
- Story-county soybean yield: 50 bu per acre
- First-order price impact of the trade war -\$50 per acre
- MFP + Trade War = +\$14 per acre net gain for Story County Farmers

Research question and method:

How is the distribution of state-level welfare changes impacted by adding MFP payments to the trade war?

- WiNDC based (N+1) state-level modeling system
- Trade war terms-of-trade impacts from a GTAPinGAMS MRT
- Tariff revenue distributed lump sum in proportion to state income
- State-level MFP payments (Glauber, 2019, AEI report)
- MFP funded lump sum in proportional to state income

An extensible $N+1$ strategy

- While we can run 50-state static models and report state-level impacts, having this level of geographic resolution can limit anticipated extensions.
 - Neoclassical dynamics
 - Increased commodity resolution
 - Alternative market structures (non-convexities)
- Solution strategies (Rutherford)
 - Multi-region national model with 50 different state SOEs
 - Multi-region national model with a given focus state (the plus 1) broken out.
- We have 7 regions + 1 (or not)
- What is the quantitative nature of inconsistency introduced by having 50 different regional aggregations of the data?

Trade-war impacts: introduced inconsistency is minor

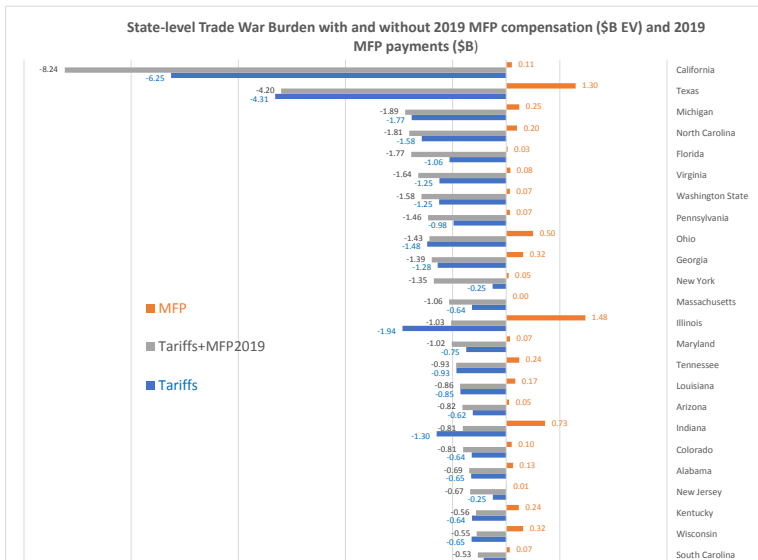
Trade-war Welfare Impact (EV\$B) for
Different Datasets

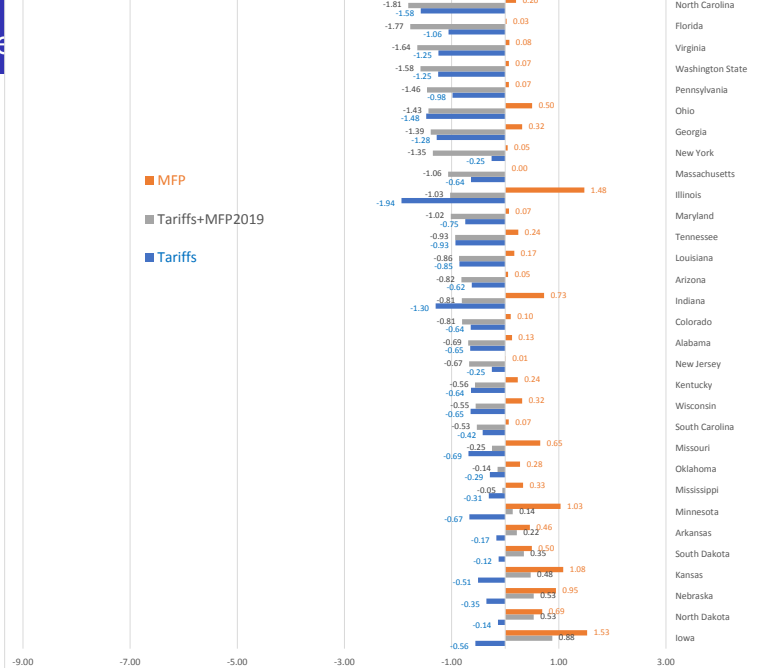
Region	N+0	N+CO	N+IA	N+WI
Colorado		-0.643		
Iowa			-0.558	
Wisconsin				-0.647
Great Lakes	-6.473	-6.473	-6.474	-6.474
Midwest	-3.676	-3.676	-3.119	-3.029
Mountain	-2.387	-1.744	-2.387	-2.387
North East	-3.582	-3.583	-3.583	-3.583
Pacific	-8.226	-8.226	-8.225	-8.225
South Central	-4.768	-4.768	-4.768	-4.768
South	-8.947	-8.947	-8.946	-8.947
Total (USA)	-38.0600	-38.0596	-38.0601	-38.0604

Trade-war plus MFP (CARD APR paper for full results):

State	Benchmark	Welfare Impacts:		MFP payments (\$B)	Net MFP payments (\$B)	Allocated Tariff Revenue (\$B)
	Private Consumption (\$B)	Tariff Scenario (\$B)	Tariff+MFP Scenario (\$B)			
California	1690.3	-6.2548	-8.2391	0.1060	-1.9312	4.1602
Colorado	229.3	-0.6426	-0.8056	0.1030	-0.1580	0.5329
Florida	801.0	-1.0583	-1.7731	0.0270	-0.6949	1.4742
Georgia	359.5	-1.2797	-1.3914	0.3160	-0.1074	0.8646
Iowa	110.3	-0.5576	0.8785	1.5280	1.3970	0.2676
Illinois	535.1	-1.9359	-1.0287	1.4760	0.8832	1.2106
Indiana	226.4	-1.2994	-0.8099	0.7260	0.4745	0.5136
Kansas	102.1	-0.5082	0.4752	1.0820	0.9578	0.2535
Michigan	375.4	-1.7651	-1.8863	0.2450	-0.1194	0.7442
Minnesota	252.4	-0.6674	0.1403	1.0330	0.7849	0.5066
Missouri	218.9	-0.6863	-0.2464	0.6530	0.4284	0.4586
Montana	40.8	-0.0500	0.0462	0.1290	0.0934	0.0726
North Dakota	33.5	-0.1358	0.5320	0.6910	0.6501	0.0835
Nebraska	72.7	-0.3512	0.5318	0.9460	0.8595	0.1767
New York	931.9	-0.2540	-1.3511	0.0460	-1.0693	2.2776
Ohio	435.9	-1.4759	-1.4338	0.5010	0.0392	0.9431
Pennsylvania	517.0	-0.9825	-1.4599	0.0670	-0.4666	1.0897
South Dakota	35.7	-0.1238	0.3475	0.4970	0.4590	0.0777
Texas	1003.7	-4.3121	-4.1998	1.2970	0.1081	2.4278
Virginia	363.2	-1.2464	-1.6409	0.0770	-0.3818	0.9369
Vermont	27.3	0.0026	-0.0195	0.0020	-0.0216	0.0482
Washington	310.2	-1.2512	-1.5817	0.0690	-0.3210	0.7964
Wisconsin	217.3	-0.6472	-0.5518	0.3160	0.0919	0.4576
USA	12756.4	-38.137	-38.129	14.338	0.000	29.280

Trade-war plus MFP (CARD APR paper for full results):





COVID-19: China Regional Model

- Tom's Regional GAMS Model (MRIO data 30x30)
Mi, Meng, Guan, Shan, Song, Wei, Liu, and Hubacek (2017) DOI:
10.1038/s41467-017-01820-w
- CARD database on Chinese economic activity
different indexes monthly/bi-weekly/weekly (Nov. 2019 to March.
2020)
Xi He (ISU), Wendong Zhang (ISU), and Tao Xiong (Huazhong Ag
University).
- Research question: Conditional on the structure, what are the shocks
(size, persistence, and propagation) needed to match snap-shot
observables?
 - provincial labor shocks
 - terms-of-trade
 - ???