

GAMS w/ NEOS and Economic Equilibrium Modeling with Julia/JuMP

Adam Christensen



All the best presentations begin with an outline...

- Our goals
- Building out GAMS/NEOS capabilities
- NEOS Demo
- Extended Economic Modeling julia JUMP
- End-to-End Value Proposition
- Experimental Projects

Our Goals

- 100% open source economic database
- Members can execute full build stream
- Source of canonical models
- Knowledge base for extended economic modeling
 - Model library for multiple languages
 - Helper tools/data handling
- End-to-End Value Add
 - Data pre-processing tools
 - Model output reduction
 - Visualization
- Economic Software Incubator





Gettin' the Goods...

- windc.wisc.edu
 - Click on "Downloads"

• WiNDC Flavors

- Precompiled GDX
- JSON (download as a zip archive)
- Re-build your own GDX from source (windc.zip)
- All original data source files are available (datasources.zip)

DOWNLOADS

WINDC 1 (RELEASE DATE: DECEMBER 2018)				
PRE-COMPILED CORE WINDC DATABASE	GDX (39.8 MB)		JSON (69.2 MB)	
WINDC BUILD STREAM PACKAGE	windc.zip (84.7 MB)			
FULL DATA SET	datasources.zip (157.9 MB)			
SINGLE DATA SETS	BEA	BEA_2007	CFS	USATradeOnline
	SGF	SEDS	PCE	NASS



Releases going forward...

- Platform independent (Windows, Mac)
- Releases will occur ~1-2 times per year
- Data updates and bug reports will be available
- WiNDC releases will always be tested against different versions of GAMS
- Releases will be numbered



Releases going forward...

- Platform independent (Windows, Mac)
- Releases will occur ~1-2 times per year
- Data updates and bug reports will be available
- WiNDC releases will always be tested against different versions of GAMS
- Releases will be numbered

In a nutshell... we want to make it easy for researchers to reference this database

in their own publications

GAMS/NEOS Capabilities







What is NEOS?

- Network Enabled Optimization System
- <u>neos-server.org</u>

HI FOLKS.

- Online access to algorithms that solve many classes of optimization problems
- Jobs can be submitted online through a webform

• **KESTREL** brings your GAMS job to NEOS

GDX results return as expected

Performance (transit time) penalty -- go get 2 cups of coffee



Building out NEOS

- WiNDC members get a base GAMS license to enable NEOS builds
 - Email: adam.christensen@wisc.edu
- WINDC/NEOS build requires GAMS 26.1.0
 - KESTREL support added for MPSGE models





New Developments

- WiNDC 2.0 database build stream available very soon! (windc.wisc.edu)
 - Updated data (included 2016 data)
 - If building locally -- compatible back to GAMS 24.3.3 (July 2014)
 - More error checking (will stop running if an EXECUTE statement does not finish properly)
 - More modular interface (build, sectoral disaggregation, and re-calibration)





New Developments

- WiNDC 2.0 database build stream available very soon! (windc.wisc.edu)
 - Updated data (included 2016 data)
 - If building locally -- compatible back to GAMS 24.3.3 (July 2014)
 - More error checking (will stop running if an EXECUTE statement does not finish properly)
 - More modular interface (build, sectoral disaggregation, and re-calibration)

To build the core WiNDC database locally:

gams run.gms

To build with NEOS:

gams run.gms --neos=yes



Sectoral Disaggregation

- Options are: 405, bluenote, nass, embodiedcarbon, example
 - **405:** full 405 sector disaggregation, not fully functional (small number problems)
 - **bluenote:** electricity power generation, coal mining, petroleum refineries
 - nass: farming subsectors (oilseed farming, grain farming, etc.)
 - **embodiedcarbon:** electricity power generation, coal mining, petroleum refineries

To disaggregate the core WiNDC database locally:

gams disagg.gms --aggr=bluenote

To disaggregate on NEOS:

gams disagg.gms --aggr=bluenote --neos=yes



Re-Calibration

- Options are: bluenote, nass
 - **bluenote:** calibrate to EIA SEDS data 1997..2014, and 2016
 - **nass:** only 2012 data for now

To re-calibrate the core WiNDC database locally:

gams recalibrate.gms --satdata=bluenote --year=XXXX

To re-calibrate the core WiNDC database with NEOS:

gams recalibrate.gms --satdata=bluenote --year=XXXX --neos=yes

Quick NEOS Demo



Open to User Feedback...

- Should be easy to use
- Should be flexible to suit user's needs
- Must maintain platform independence to a high degree

Feedback: adam.christensen@wisc.edu



Extended Economic Modeling







Some things...

• Julia is the base language, JuMP is the math programming package for Julia

- Codebase on both change frequently -- can be frustrating
 - Julia / JuMP is totally open source

- JuMP offers connections to many <u>solvers</u>
 - Cbc, Clp, CPLEX, CSDP, ECOS, FICO Xpress, GLPK, Gurobi, **Ipopt**, MOSEK, OSQP, SCS, SeDuMi
 - Types: LP, QP, **NLP**, MILP, SOCP, MISOCP, SDP
 - Note: PATHsolver.jl is "available" but not robust

One nice techie thing...

add OhMyREPL... then create a startup.jl file in...

~/.julia/config

... that contains

using OhMyREPL

_I__'_I_I_I__'_I

()

[Adams-MacBook-Pro:julia_tests adam\$ vim ~/.julia/config/startup.jl [Adams-MacBook-Pro:julia_tests adam\$ julia

> __(_)__ | Documentation: https://docs.julialang.org | (_) (_) | | |_____ | Type "?" for help, "]?" for Pkg help.

> > Version 1.1.0 (2019-01-21) Official https://julialang.org/ release

 $julia = my_f(x,y) = (x - 1)^2 + (y - 2)^2$

Adams-MacBook-Pro:julia_tests adam\$ vim ~/.julia/config/startup.jl Adams-MacBook-Pro:julia_tests adam\$ julia



Documentation: https://docs.julialang.org

Type "?" for help, "]?" for Pkg help.

Version 1.1.0 (2019-01-21) Official https://julialang.org/ release

julia> my_f(x,y) = $(x - 1)^2 + (y - 2)^2$

Getting Data into Julia/JuMP

- Julia/JuMP can approximate "set" notation like GAMS
- Associative arrays (aka "dictionaries") are the key
 - {key:value} pairs

```
julia> b = parse_data("b")
Dict{Any,Any} with 3 entries:
    "new-york" => 325.0
    "chicago" => 300.0
    "topeka" => 275.0
```





JSON files are good for this



Getting Data into Julia/JuMP

```
"b": {
    "type": "GamsParameter",
    "dimension": 1,
    "domain": [
        " - "
    ],
    "number records": 3,
    "text": "demand at market j in cases",
    "values": {
        "domain": [
            "new-york",
            "chicago",
            "topeka"
        ],
        "data": [
            325.0,
            300.0,
            275.0
```



Julia/JuMP Development Cycle





Mental Mapping

Economic Model Type

Optimization Model Type



Example Problem

Partial equilibrium (isoelastic supply, CES)

Regional Trade

Differentiated Goods

No Objective Function (Square System)**

**Fixing variables destroys the square-ness in GAMS thanks to the presolver, thus the need for a zero objective function and the NLP solver (instead of just CNS)



Partial Equilibrium Trade (r→r') Model

• Supply function (calibrated isoelastic)

• Compensated CES demand function

• Cost function (calibrated CES form)

• Supply & Demand Balancing

$$Y_r = \bar{Y}_r \left(\frac{p_r}{\bar{p}_r}\right)^\eta$$

$$X_{r,r'} = \bar{X}_{r,r'} \left(\frac{C_{r'}}{p_r}\right)^{\sigma_{r'}} C_{r'}^{-\alpha_{r'}}$$

$$C_r = \left[\sum_{r'} \theta_{r',r} \left(\frac{p_r}{\bar{p_r}}\right)^{1-\sigma_r}\right]^{1/(1-\sigma_r)}$$

$$Y_r = \sum_{r'} X_{r,r'}$$

```
variables P(r) Equilibrium price,
 Y(r) Equilibrium supply,
 C(r) Unit cost,
 X(r,rr) Demand
 OBJ Vacuous objective;
equations objdef, output, supply, demand, cost;
output(r).. Y(r) =e= sum(rr, X(r,rr));
supply(r).. Y(r) =e= y0(r) * P(r)**eta(r);
demand(r,rr).. X(r,rr) =e= x0(r,rr) * (C(rr)/P(r))**esub(rr) * C(rr)**(-sigma(rr));
cost(r).. C(r) =e= sum(rr, theta(rr,r) * P(r)**(1-esub(r)))**(1/(1-esub(r)));
```

```
m = Model(with_optimizer(Ipopt.Optimizer))
```

```
@variable(m, P[i in r], start=1)
@variable(m, Y[i in r], start=y0[i])
@variable(m, C[i in r], start=1)
@variable(m, X[i in r, j in r], start=x0[i,j])
```



```
@constraint(m, output[i in r], sum(X[i,j] for j in r) == Y[i] )
@NLconstraint(m, supply[i in r], Y[i] == y0[i] * P[i]^eta[i] )
@NLconstraint(m, demand[i in r, j in r], X[i,j] == x0[i,j] * (C[j]/P[i])^esub[j] *
C[j]^(-sigma[j]) )
@NLconstraint(m, cost[j in r], C[j] == sum(theta[i,j] * P[j]^(1-esub[j]) for i in
r)^(1/(1-esub[j])) )
```



More GAMS → Julia/JuMP Examples Online

- Markusen's M2-3 model (maximize utility, 2 Cobb-Douglas commodities, with rationing)
- Markusen's M2-5 model (maximize utility, 1 good, 1 factor, 1 consumer)
- PIESQCP formulation (William Hogan, 1975) (maximize social welfare)
- (Spatial) Partial Equilibrium (as seen in this presentation)
- More to come...

End-to-End Value



Python/GAMS Workflow...



GDX is the primary data container



GDXRW

Example



Automated Plot Creation...



Volume of data can be enormous

All data read directly from the output GDX

Automation reduces chances of silly errors



Advanced Visualization

• Geocode data on the fly, calculate real distances/times on a road network

```
$set key PIzSygmXdMewURGxUD38S2t4VqBQEyVA
```

```
execute 'python distance.py --key=%key% --input=query.csv
--output=output.csv';
```

• Connect data directly to maps to debug modelling errors or present results

Mapping Example

Python, <u>Folium</u>, Google API



WiNDC Capabilities

Custom workflows can be designed and implemented

Primary Tools:

- GAMS
- Julia/JuMP
- Python (numpy, scipy, pandas, folium, matlibplot, etc.)
- Expanding our visualization capabilities (D3)

Software Incubator



Pilot-Scale Projects

• Pivot Tables

• Graph-based CES syntax



Pivot Tables

- Incredibly useful to reduce data
- Not easy in GAMS (we want to preserve data as 2D)
- <u>GPivot</u>
 - Can be executed in from a .gms file
 - Reads a GDX for data
 - Can pass a query (SQL-like) in order to create differently scoped pivot tables





Graph-Based CES Functions

- CES functions are an economic powerhouse
- Nested CES functions offer even more flexibility

- Plagued by messy algebra
- MPSGE handles this, but is not available for other platforms (Julia/JuMP)

Investigating ways to rapidly define complicated economic functions



GAMS

Proof of Concept

- Working in the GAMS framework
- Utilize GAMS EMP (symbolic differentiation & reformulation)

Consumer's Utility Function:

```
EQUATION objConsumer(h);
objConsumer(h)..
consumerUtility(h)
=E=
sum(s, alpha(s,h)**(1/sigmac(h)) *
(x(s,h))**((sigmac(h)-1)/sigmac(h)))**(sigmac(h)/(sigmac(h)-1));
```

Proof of Concept

Define Consumer's Utility Function with Graph Syntax:

. . .

```
objConsumer(h)
{'!consumerUtility(h)':['x(s,h)']}
@esub{'consumerUtility':'sigmac(h)'}
@shares{'consumerUtility':'alpha(s,h)'}
```

 $! \Rightarrow top node$



x("s1","h1") ... x("s2","h1")



x("s1","hX") ... x("s2","hX")



Proof of Concept

Define Consumer's Utility Function with Graph Syntax:

. . .

```
objConsumer(h)
{'!consumerUtility(h)':['x(s,h)']}
@esub{'consumerUtility':'sigmac(h)'}
@shares{'consumerUtility':'alpha(s,h)'}
```

main CES structure define elasticities for each nest level define share coefficients



x("s1","h1") ... x("s2","h1")



Proof of Concept

Define Consumer's Utility Function with Graph Syntax:



Thanks.

WiNDC wants to work with you